Shire of Goomalling





Annual Report

9 March 2016

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Chief Executive Officer's Report

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Business:

- 1. President's Welcome and Submission of Apologies
- 2. Confirmation of Minutes of Previous Meeting Wednesday 18th March 2016

Recommendation

That the Minutes of the Annual General Meeting of Electors held on 18th March 2016 as read be confirmed as true and correct record of proceedings.

- 3. Receiving the 2014/2015 Annual Financial Statements
- 4. Receiving of the Annual Report incorporating
 - (i) President's Report
 - (ii) Chief Executive Officer's Report
 - (iii) Auditor's Report

Recommendation

That the Shire of Goomalling 2014/2015 Annual Report, Annual Financial Statements and the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2015 be received.

5. Other Business

MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ELECTORS HELD IN THE GOOMALLING SPORTS COMPLEX ON WEDNESDAY 18 MARCH 2015 AT 7.32 PM

PRESE	ENT: Presid	dent	Councillor D C Councillor K J Councillor R S Councillor RK Councillor GA Councillor M M Councillor CL	Ryan Sheen Van Gelderen Romero Il Davey	ĺ	CENTRAL/ CENTRAL	
STAFF		The Chief Eve	ecutive Officer (· ·	as in attand		/I VO ICITI
ELECT	ORS:	Mrs Anne Dre	w, Mrs Sue Ca	rr, Mr Harold F	orward and	Mr Geoff V	Vhite
	APOLOGIES	S: Were	received from:	Crs Haywood	and Cheste	er, Miss NM	Bird
1.	<u>CONFIRMAT</u>	TION OF MINUT	ES – WEDNES	SDAY 18 DEC	EMBER 201	13	
		Moved Cr KJ eral Meeting of l a true record of					•
2.	BUSINESS A	ARISING					
	Nil						
		IANCIAL STATE	EMENTS 2012/	2013			
	Resolution:		Romero, seco	nded Cr MM [Davey that t	he 2012/20	13 Annual <u>CARRIED</u>
4.	PRESIDENT	'S REPORT					
	Resolution:		Drew, seconde ed.	d Mrs S Carr t	hat the Pres	sident's Rep	oort as <u>CARRIED</u>
5.	CHIEF EXEC	CUTIVE OFFICE	R'S REPORT				
	Resolution: Officer's Rep	Moved Cr R S port as read, be	Sheen seconde received and a		ero that the	Chief Exec	utive <u>CARRIED</u>
6.	AUDIT REPO	ORT					
	Resolution: as read, be re		Van Gelderen	, seconded Mr	H Forward	that the Au	•
				_			<u>CARRIED</u>
PRESI	DENT			DΔ	Γ F		

MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ELECTORS HELD IN THE GOOMALLING SPORTS COMPLEX ON WEDNESDAY 18 MARCH 2015 AT 7.32 PM

7.	ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2013/2014
	Resolution: Moved Cr R Sheen, seconded Cr MM Davey that the 2013/2014 Annual Financial Statements be received and adopted.
	CARRIED
8.	PRESIDENT'S REPORT
	Resolution: Moved Mrs A Drew, seconded Mr H Forward that the President's Report as read, be received and adopted. CARRIED
	CARRIED
9.	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT
	Resolution: Moved Cr GA Romero, seconded Cr CL Kingston that the Chief Executive Officer's Report as read, be received and adopted.
	CARRIED
10.	AUDIT REPORT
	Resolution: Moved Mrs A Drew, seconded Mrs S Carr that the Audit Report as read, be received and adopted.
	CARRIED
11.	GENERAL BUSINESS
	Stretch of bitumen on Tyndall/Bebakine Road adjacent to Catholic Church to be attended to.
	Quinlan Street between Lockyer and Hoddy Streets requires maintenance work.
	Landscaping fence in Throssell Street requires some repair work.
12.	MEETING CLOSURE
	There being no further business for discussion, the President thanked everyone for their attendance and declared the Meeting closed at 8.26 pm.

PRESIDENT	DATE	

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

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Principal place of business: 32 Quinlan Street Goomalling	

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire being the annual financial report and other information for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the Shire at 30th June 2015 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and comply with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 and the regulations under that Act.

Signed as authorisation of issue on the 3rd day of November 2015

Clem Kerp

Chief Executive Officer

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

	NOTE	2015 \$	2015 Budget \$	2014 \$
Revenue Rates Characting grants, subsidies and	23	1,790,885	1,777,022	1,642,214 215,280
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions Fees and charges	29 28	1,289,978 1,274,837	1,107,347 1,224,025	494,803 1,250,181
Interest earnings Other revenue	2(a)	58,241 1,731,553	38,000 74,000	72,141 233,005
	i -	6,145,494	4,220,394	3,907,624
Expenses Employee costs Materials and contracts Utility charges Depreciation on non-current assets Interest expenses Insurance expenses Other expenditure	2(a) 2(a)	(1,836,541) (1,543,474) (256,825) (1,064,429) (278,438) (196,130) (610,718) (5,786,555) 358,939	(1,394,038) (641,155) (330,835) (1,092,340) (373,951) (250,817) (779,192) (4,862,328) (641,934)	(1,824,679) (622,355) (265,270) (1,092,824) (274,771) (193,921) (827,818) (5,101,638) (1,194,014)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	29	1,674,081	2,608,000	646,622
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Profit on asset disposals	2(a) 21	(595,189) 0	0 331,797	(142,465)
Loss on asset disposals	21	(15,882)	0	(12,465)
Net result		1,421,949	2,297,863	(702,322)
Other comprehensive income				
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	13	1,599,764	0	0
Total other comprehensive income	80	1,599,764	0	0
Total comprehensive income	Sie Sie	3,021,713	2,297,863	(702,322)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME - BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

FOR THE TEAR	CNDEL	JUIN JUNE 2016	,	
	NOTE	2015	2015	2014
		\$	Budget \$	\$
Revenue	2(a)		Þ	
Governance	2(0)	99,305	52,780	83,821
General purpose funding		2,800,427	2,376,912	1,894,389
Law, order, public safety		170,871	52,650	66,606
Health		588,244	517,250	523,795
Education and welfare		2,378	2,500	2,510
Housing		272,867	260,750	246,796
Community amenities		298,696	292,677	274,561
Recreation and culture		232,287	246,700	175,937
Transport Economic services		1,173,813 350,535	2,750 306,250	(29,294) 383,826
Other property and services		156,070	109,175	284,676
Other property and services		6,145,493	4,220,394	3,907,624
Expenses	2(a)	.,,	,,	, ,
Governance	2(4)	(298,229)	(336,000)	(370,029)
General purpose funding		(31,988)	(22,000)	(49,608)
Law, order, public safety		(109,810)	(87,045)	(108,878)
Health		(678,896)	(633,300)	(697,492)
Education and welfare		(8,996)	(16,715)	(21,660)
Housing		(241,543)	(188,200)	(211,186)
Community amenities		(397,776)	(429,060)	(381,205)
Recreation and culture		(653,781)	(764,231)	(737,484)
Transport		(2,390,080)	(1,555,070)	(1,513,536)
Economic services		(636,253)	(640,741) 183,985	(512,069) (223,720)
Other property and services		(60,764) (5,508,116)	(4,488,377)	(4,826,867)
	٥/ ١	(5,500,110)	(4,400,577)	(4,020,001)
Finance costs	2(a)		0	(40.204)
Governance		0	0	(19,391)
General purpose funding		(59,588)	(30,000)	0 (5.714)
Housing		0	0	(5,714)
Recreation and culture		0	(8,733)	0
Economic services		(185,213)	(241,233)	(168,324)
Other property and services		(33,637)	(93,985)	(81,342)
		(278,438)	(373,951)	(274,771)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at	2(a)			
fair value through profit or loss				
General purpose funding		(595,189)	0	(142,465)
		(595,189)	0	(142,465)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions				
Education and welfare		54,500	0	0
Housing		0	900,000	0
Recreation and culture		857,500	970,000	0
Transport		737,813	738,000	646,622
Economic services		24,268	0	0
	29	1,674,081	2,608,000	646,622
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of assets				
Health		0	0	(12,465)
Recreation and culture		(1,805)	0	0
Economic services		(14,077)	331,797	0
	21	(15,882)	331,797	(12,465)
Net result		1,421,949	2,297,863	(702,322)
Other comprehensive income				
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	13	1,599,764	0	0
Total other comprehensive income	(1,599,764	0	0
Total comprehensive income		3,021,713	2,297,863	(702,322)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes,

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2015

	NOTE	2015 \$	2014 \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Inventories TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	3 5 6	864,448 440,770 33,818 1,339,036	356,059 264,568 39,680 660,307
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Other receivables Inventories Property, plant and equipment Infrastructure TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	5 6 7 8	115,435 812,447 18,424,043 40,059,905 59,411,830	63,423 996,997 17,535,071 38,388,081 56,983,572
TOTAL ASSETS		60,750,866	57,643,879
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Current portion of long term borrowings Provisions TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	9 10 11	699,368 308,875 366,860 1,375,103	345,698 411,945 368,777 1,126,420
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term borrowings Provisions TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	10 11	2,087,829 27,025 2,114,854	2,259,714 18,549 2,278,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,489,957	3,404,683
NET ASSETS		57,260,909	54,239,196
EQUITY Retained surplus Reserves - cash/investment backed Revaluation surplus TOTAL EQUITY	12 13	24,487,876 1,000,000 31,773,033 57,260,909	23,065,927 1,000,000 30,173,269 54,239,196

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes,

SHREE OF GOOMALLING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVES CASH/INVESTMENT BACKED \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$	
Balance as at 1 July 2013		23,768,250	1,000,001	30,173,269	54,941,521	
Comprehensive income Net result		(702,322)	0	0	(702,322)	
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets Total comprehensive income	13	(702,322)	0 0	0 0	(702,322)	
Transfers from/(to) reserves		~	(1)	0	0	
Balance as at 30 June 2014		23,065,927	1,000,000	30,173,269	54,239,196	
Comprehensive income Net result		1,421,949	0	0	1,421,949	
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets Total comprehensive income	5	1,421,949	0	1,599,764	1,599,764 3,021,713	
Transfers from/(to) reserves		0	0	0	0	
Balance as at 30 June 2015		24,487,876	1,000,000	31,773,033	57,260,909	

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

	NOTE	2015 \$	2015 Budget	2014 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIE Receipts	S		\$	
Rates		1,592,652	1,778,452	1,531,393
Operating grants, subsidies and				
contributions		1,295,139	1,105,800	861,142
Fees and charges		1,274,837	1,186,063	1,250,181
Interest earnings		58,241	38,000	72,141
Goods and services tax		574,402	913,660	0
Other revenue		1,731,553	74,000	233,005
		6,526,823	5,095,975	3,947,862
Payments		(4, 000, 000)	(4.700.004)	(4 ODE 444)
Employee costs		(1,829,982)	(1,702,361)	(1,885,414)
Materials and contracts		(1,205,775)	(1,010,116)	(488,361)
Utility charges		(256,825)	(330,835)	(265,270) (270,329)
Interest expenses		(256,605) (196,130)	(250,817) (373,951)	(193,921)
Insurance expenses		(616,460)	(900,000)	(193,921)
Goods and services tax		(610,718)	(108,467)	(818,225)
Other expenditure		(4,972,494)	(4,676,546)	(3,921,520)
Net cash provided by (used in)		(4,372,434)	(4,070,040)	(0,021,020)
operating activities	14(b)	1,554,329	419,429	26,342
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	3			
Payments for purchase of				
property, plant & equipment		(1,482,311)	(4,143,285)	(299,170)
Payments for construction of				
infrastructure		(1,009,191)	(1,266,500)	(1,163,104)
Non-operating grants,				0.40.000
Subsidies and contributions		1,674,081	2,608,000	646,622
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		39,521	1,570,000	23,709
Proceeds from Land Held for Resale		0	0	95,000
Net cash provided by (used in)	,	(777,900)	(1,231,785)	(696,943)
investment activities		(777,900)	(1,231,765)	(090,943)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3			
Repayment of debentures		(197,135)	(380,754)	(171,285)
Repayment of finance leases		(133,718)	(162,960)	(127,284)
Proceeds from self supporting loans		6,916	0	31,819
Proceeds from finance leases		(0.400)		8,028
Loan Adjustment		(9,103)	0	(10,849)
Proceeds from new debentures		65,000	2,100,000	(40.047)
Lease Adjustment		0	0	(19,617)
Net cash provided by (used In)	n .	(268,040)	1,556,286	(289,188)
financing activities		(200,040)	1,550,260	(203,100)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		508,389	743,930	(959,789)
Cash at beginning of year		356,059	241,316	1,315,850
Rounding		,	0	(2)
Cash and cash equivalents				
at the end of the year	14(a)	864,448	985,246	356,059
				s :

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

TOR THE TEAR	LINDED COTTION			
	NOTE	2015 Actual \$	2015 Budget \$	2014 Actual \$
Davanua		*	*	*
Revenue		99,305	52,780	83,821
Governance		· ·	766,848	
General purpose funding		1,194,361	,	428,384 66,606
Law, order, public safety		170,871	52,650	
Health		588,244	517,250	523,795
Education and welfare		56,878	2,500	2,510
Housing		272,867	1,160,750	246,796
Community amenities		298,696	292,677	274,561
Recreation and culture		1,089,787	1,216,700	175,937
Transport		1,911,626	740,750	617,328
Economic services		374,803	638,047	383,826
Other property and services		156,070	109,175	284,676
		6,213,508	5,550,127	3,088,240
Expenses		(000,000)	(226.000)	(270.020)
Governance		(298,229)	(336,000)	(370,029)
General purpose funding		(686,765)	(52,000)	(68,999)
Law, order, public safety		(109,810)	(87,045)	(108,878)
Health		(678,896)	(633,300)	(697,492)
Education and welfare		(8,996)	(16,715)	(21,660)
Housing		(241,543)	(188,200)	(216,900)
Community amenities		(397,776)	(429,060)	(381,205)
Recreation and culture		(655,586)	(772,964)	(737,484)
Transport		(2,390,080)	(1,555,070)	(1,513,536)
Economic services		(835,543)	(881,974)	(680,393)
Other property and services		(94,401)	90,000	(305,062)
Other property and services		(6,397,625)	(4,862,328)	(5,101,638)
Net result excluding rates		(184,117)	687,799	(2,013,398)
Adjustments for cash budget requirements:				
Non-cash expenditure and revenue				
(Profit)/Loss on asset disposals	21	15,882	(331,797)	(12,465)
,	21	595,189	0	(12,100)
(Profit)/Loss on Revaluation of Assets		0	0	131,174
Book Value of Assets Sold	()		0	(8,786)
Movement in deferred pensioner rates (non-curren		(4,133)		
Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-cur	rent)	8,476	17,449	(14,468)
Movement in Other Non-Current Assets		(47,879)	0	0
Movement in Lease & Loan Adjustment		(9,103)	0	(30,468)
Movement in LSL Bank		4,801	0	5,034
Depreciation and amortisation on assets	2(a)	1,064,429	1,092,340	1,092,824
Capital Expenditure and Revenue				
Purchase of land and buildings	7(b)	(1,284,917)	(4,072,285)	(203,894)
Purchase plant & equipment	7(b)	(129,125)	(15,000)	(41,401)
Purchase furniture & equipment	7(b)	(34,063)	(56,000)	(27,498)
Purchase swimming pool and equipment	7(b)	(34,206)	0	(26,377)
Purchase infrastructure - roads	8(b)	(975,439)	(1,038,500)	(1,105,288)
Purchase infrastructure - sewerage	8(b)	(5,581)	0	(2,729)
•		(28,172)	(110,000)	(55,087)
Purchase infrastructure - footpaths	8(b)	(20,172)		(33,007)
Purchase infrastructure - other	0.4	_	(118,000)	0
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	21	39,521	1,570,000	0
Proceeds from new debentures	22(a)	65,000	2,100,000	0
Repayment of debentures	22(a)	(197,135)	(380,754)	(171,285)
Repayment of Finance Leases		(133,718)	(162,960)	(127,284)
Proceeds from self supporting loans		6,916	0	0
Proceeds from Finance Leases		0	0	8,028
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets)	12	(155,360)	(38,000)	(41,500)
Transfers from reserves (restricted assets)	12	155,360	250,000	41,501
D Estimated surplus/(deficit) July 1 b/fwd	23(b)	(934,750)	(1,005,076)	209,528
Estimated surplus/(deficit) June 30 c/fwd	23(b)	(596,057)	(720)	(927,834)
5 Lamated adipida/(denot) adile ao c/iwo				
Total amount raised from general rate	23(a)	(1,606,066)	(1,610,064)	(1,466,006)

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. Page $8\,$

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations. Material accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The local government reporting entity

All Funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those Funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 20 to these financial statements.

(b) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

(e) Inventories

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Land held for sale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Land held for sale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

(f) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets within either property, plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Mandatory requirement to revalue non-current assets

Effective from 1 July 2012, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations were amended and the measurement of non-current assets at Fair Value became mandatory.

The amendments allow for a phasing in of fair value in relation to fixed assets over three years as follows:

- (a) for the financial year ending on 30 June 2013, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government that are plant and equipment; and
- (b) for the financial year ending on 30 June 2014, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government -
 - (i) that are plant and equipment; and
 - (ii) that are -
 - (I) land and buildings; or-
 - (II) Infrastructure;

and

(c) for a financial year ending on or after 30 June 2015, the fair value of all of the assets of the local government.

Thereafter, in accordance with the regulations, each asset class must be revalued at least every 3 years.

In 2013, the Shire commenced the process of adopting Fair Value in accordance with the Regulations.

Relevant disclosures, in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, have been made in the financial report as necessary.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Land under control

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a), the Shire was required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or Regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land in accordance with the other policies detailed in this Note.

Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

All assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently revalued in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation as management believes this approximates fair value. They will be subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

Revaluation

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Land under roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Shire.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- a) Restated proportionately with the change in the gross carrying amount of the asset so that the carrying amount of the asset after revaluation equals its revalued amount; or
- b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Buildings	30 to 50 years
Furniture and equipment	4 to 10 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 15 years
Sealed roads and streets	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	50 years
seal	
- bituminous seals	20 years
- asphalt surfaces	25 years
Gravel roads	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	50 years
Formed roads (unsealed)	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	50 years
Footpaths - slab	20 years
Sewerage piping	100 years
Water supply piping and drainage systems	75 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Capitalisation threshold

Expenditure on items of equipment under \$5,000 is not capitalised. Rather, it is recorded on an asset inventory listing.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

When performing a revaluation, the Shire uses a mix of both independent and management valuations using the following as a guide:

Fair Value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

As detailed above, the mandatory measurement framework imposed by the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations requires, as a minimum, all assets carried at a revalued amount to be revalued at least every 3 years.

(h) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Shire commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or at cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment; and
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying amount being included in profit or loss. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments that the Shire has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets, where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment

A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which will have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Shire no longer has any significant continual involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(i) Impairment of Assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

(j) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(I) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(n) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Shire, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Shire has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial operating policy decisions of that entity but is not control or joint control of those policies. Investments in associates are accounted for in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the investment includes, where applicable, goodwill relating to the associate. Any discount on acquisition, whereby the Shire's share of the net fair value of the associate exceeds the cost of investment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Shire and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Shire's interest in the associate.

When the Shire's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Shire discontinues recognising its share of further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. When the associate subsequently makes profits, the Shire will resume recognising its share of those profits once its share of the profits equals the share of the losses not recognised.

(p) Interests in Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Refer to note 1(o) for a description of the equity method of accounting.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Shire's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements. Information about the joint ventures is set out in Note 17.

(g) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions.

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed in Note 2(c). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operations for the current reporting period.

(r) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for sale where it is held as non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

(t) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

(u) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

(v) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Shire. Management's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Shire, applicable to future reporting periods and which have not yet been adopted are set out as follows:

1) Impact	Nil – The objective of this Standard is to improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. Given the nature of the financial assets of the Shire, it is not anticipated the Standard will have any material effect.	Nil - The revisions embodied in this Standard give effect to the consequential changes arising from the issuance of AASB 9 which is not anticipated to have any material effect on the Shire (refer (i) above).		This Standard establishes principles for entities to apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer.
Applicable ⁽¹⁾	1 January 2018	1 January 2018		1 January 2017
Issued / Compiled	December 2014	September 2012		December 2014
Title	(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (incorporating AASB 2014-7 and AASB 2014-8)	(ii) AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)	[AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12, 19 & 127]	(iii) AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

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The effect of this Standard will depend upon the nature of future transactions the Shire has with those third parties it has dealings

with. It may or may not be significant.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

Impact	Part C of this Standard makes consequential amendments to AASB 9 and numerous other Standards and amends the permissions around certain applications relating to financial liabilities reissued at fair value.	As the bulk of changes relate either to editorial or reference changes it is not expected to have a significant impact on the Shire.	This Standard amends AASB 11: Joint Arrangements to require the acquirer of an interest (both initial and additional) in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business, as defined in AASB 3: Business Combinations to apply all of the principles on business	combinations accounting in AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in AASB 11; and disclose the information required by AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards for business combinations.	Since adoption of this Standard would impact only acquisitions of interests in joint operations on or after 1 January 2016, management believes it is impracticable at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact on the Shire's financial statements.	This Standard amends AASB 116 and AASB 138 to establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset. It also clarifies the use of revenue-based methods to	revenue generally an appropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible
Applicable ⁽¹⁾	Refer title column		1 January 2016			1 January 2016	
Issued / Compiled	December 2013		August 2014			August 2014	
Title	(iv) AASB 2013-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial Instruments	[Operative date: Part C Financial Instruments - 1 January 2015]	(v) AASB 2014-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	[AASB 1 & AASB 11]		(vi) AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation	[AASB 116 & 138]

Given the Shire curently uses the expected pattern of consumption of

the future economic benefits of an asset as the basis of calculation

of depreciation, it is not expected to have a significant impact.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

Impact	Consequential changes to various Standards arising from the issuance of AASB 15.	It will require changes to reflect the impact of AASB 15.	This Standard amends AASB 101 to provide clarification regarding the disclosure requirements in AASB 101. Specifically, the Standard proposes narrow-focus amendments to address some of the concerns expressed about existing presentation and disclosure requirements and to ensure entities are able to use indoement	when applying a Standard in determining what information to disclose in their financial statements.	This Standard also makes editorial and consequential amendments as a result of amendments to the Standards listed in the title column.	It is not anticipated it will have any significant impact on disclosures.	This Standard completes the withdrawal of references to AASB 1031 in all Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations, allowing it to be completely withdrawn.
Applicable ⁽¹⁾	1 January 2017		1 January 2016				1 July 2015
Issued / Compiled	December 2014		January 2015				January 2015
Title	(vii) AASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15		(viii) AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101	[AASB 7, 101, 134 & 1049]			(ix) AASB 2015-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality

It is not anticipated it will have a significant impact as the principles of materiality remain largely unchanged.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

Impact	The objective of this Standard is to extend the scope of AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures to include not-for-profit sector entities.	The Standard is expected to have a significant disclosure impact on the financial report of the Shire as both Elected Members and Senior	Management will be deemed to be Key Management Personnel and resultant disclosures will be necessary.
Applicable (1)	1 July 2016		
Issued / Compiled	March 2015		
Title	(x) AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public	Sector Entities	[AASB 10, 124 & 1049]

(x) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

(1) Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.

Notes:

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

These new and revised Standards were:

AASB 2011-7 AASB 2012-3 AASB 2013-3 AASB 2013-8 AASB 2013-9

or reporting practices or were either not applicable, largely editorial in nature, were revisions to help ensure consistency with presentation, recognition and measurement Most of the Standards adopted had a minimal effect on the accounting and reporting practices of the Shire as they did not have a significant impact on the accounting criteria of IFRSs or related to topics not relevant to operations.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a) Net Result	*	Y
The Net result includes: (i) Charging as an expense: Significant expense and revenue		
General purpose funding	101 550	4.40.405
Impairment LHFR - Refer Note 6 & 32	184,550	142,465
Loss on Revaluation of Assets	410,639 595,189	142,465
	330,103	142,403
Auditors remuneration - Audit of the annual financial report		
Butler Senteniri	10,568	34,843
Anderson, Munro Wiley	19,198	0
 Financial Management Review Other services 	6,000 3,300	0
- Other services	5,500	0
Depreciation		
Land and Buildings	250,090	249,725
Plant & Equipment	168,369	193,424
Furniture & Equipment	93,850	99,026
Swimming Pool And Equipment	25,627	24,348
Infrastructure - Roads	408,108	408,108
Infrastructure - Sewerage	62,660	62,466
Infrastructure - Footpaths	36,582	36,582
Infrastructure - Drainage	19,143	19,144
	1,064,429	1,092,824
Interest expenses (finance costs)		
Debentures (refer Note 22 (a))	180,371	174,038
Finance Leases	38,479	81,342
Bank Overdraft	59,588 278,438	<u>19,391</u> 274,771
Rental charges	270,430	217,771
- Operating leases (refer Note 16(b))	69,547	32,891
Operating leaded (relet 140to 10(5))	69,547	32,891
(ii) Crediting as revenue;		(
Significant revenue		
Increase Equity Local Government House	47,879	0
Refer note 5 - Non- Current Assets		·=
011		
Other revenue Reimbursements and recoveries	270,528	^
Reimbursements and recoveries Significant revenue (refer above)	270,528 47,879	0
Other	1,413,144	233,005
Galor	1,731,551	233,005
	1, 2, 1, 2, 1	

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Net Result (Continued)

(ii) Crediting as revenue (Continued)

	2015	2015	2014
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Interest earnings - Reserve funds - Other funds	38,000	38,000	41,500
	4,686	1,000	9,678
Other interest revenue (refer note 27)	15,555	22,000	20,963
	58,241	61,000	72,141

(b) Statement of Objective

The Shire of Goomalling is dedicated to providing high quality services to the community through the various service orientated programs which it has established.

REPORTING PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

Council operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

GOVERNANCE

Objective:

To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.

Activities:

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district. Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Objective:

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Activities:

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Objective:

To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

Activities:

Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

HEALTH

Objective:

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

Activities:

Inspection of food outlets and their control, provision of meat inspection services, noise control and waste disposal compliance.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Statement of Objective (Continued)

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Objective:

To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth

Activities:

Maintenance of child minding centre, playgroup centre, senior citizen centre and aged care centre. Provision and maintenance of home and community care programs and youth services.

HOUSING

Objective:

To provide and maintain elderly residents housing.

Activities:

Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Objective:

To provide services required by the community,

Activities:

Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Objective:

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social well being **Activities**:

Maintenance of public halls, civic centres, aquatic centre, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, museum and other cultural facilities.

TRANSPORT

Objective:

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community

Activities:

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycleways, parking facilities and

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Objective:

To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

Activities:

Tourism and area promotion including the maintenance and operation of a caravan park. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building Control.

OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES

Objective:

To monitor and control council's overheads operating accounts.

Activities:

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

2 REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

		Onening			Closing			Closing
	Function/	Balance ⁽¹⁾ 1/07/13	Received ⁽²⁾ 2013/14	Expended ⁽³⁾ 2013/14	Balance ⁽¹⁾ 30/06/14	Received ⁽²⁾ 2014/15	Expended (3) 2014/15	Balance 30/06/15
Grant/Contribution	Activity	\$	59	49	S	49	€9	59
Roads to Recovery	Transport	0	172,651	(172,651)	0	165,855	(165,855)	0
Govt Grants - State Special	Transport	0	0	0	0	70,000	(20'000)	0
Govt Grants Tied MRWA Spec	Transport	0	64,423	(64,423)	0	471,958	(471,958)	0
MRWA Blackspot Funding	Transport	0	0	0	0	30,000	(30,000)	0
MRWA Contribution Upgrade	Transport	0	377,048	(377,048)	0	0	0	0
Department of Transport Air strip	Transport	0 0	0 0	0	0	3,437	(3,437)	0
Royalties For Regions	Recreation	325,472	0	(29,472)	296,000	0	(296,000)	0
Total		326,918	1,141,425	(1,140,389)	327,954	1,880,694	(2,096,520)	112,128

Notes:

- (1) Grants/contributions recognised as revenue in a previous reporting period which were not expended at the close of the previous reporting period.
- (2) New grants/contributions which were recognised as revenues during the reporting period and which had not yet been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor.
- (3) Grants/contributions which had been recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period or received in the current reporting period and which were expended in the current reporting period in the manner specified by the contributor.
- * These are grants provided to Council without condition and as such are excluded from this report as from this reporting period.

	Note	2015	2014
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		\$	\$
Unrestricted Restricted		(265,046) 1,129,494 864,448	(992,124) 1,348,183 356,059
The following restrictions have been imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements:			
Long Service Leave Reserve	12	131,135	126,334
Mortlock Lodge Reserve	12	3,542	3,412
Plant Replacement Reserve	12	202,169	204,402
Sport & Recreation Reserve	12	0	113,063
Staff Housing Reserve	12	55,054	57,855
Aged Care Reserve	12	137,388	132,359
Vehicle Reserve	12	115,050	122,640
Sewerage Reserve	12	289,468	175,441
Community Bus Reserve	12	55,147	53,128
Lcdc Reserve	12	11,048	11,366
Local medical Practice	12	17,365	20,229
Unspent grants	2(c)	112,128	327,954
		1,129,494	1,348,183

	2015 \$	2014 \$
5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Current		
Rates outstanding	153,156	164,154
Sundry debtors	295,878	97,645
GST receivable	0	6,453
Loans - clubs/institutions	0	6,916
Provision For Doubtful Debts	(9,308)	(10,600)
Other Tax Receivable	1,044	0
	440,770	264,568
Non-current		
Rates outstanding - pensioners	61,166	57,033
Other - Non Current	3,390	3,390
Investment in WALGA Local Government House *	50,879	3,000
	115,435	63,423

* Investment in WALGA Local Government House Trust

This note discloses the equity the City/Town has in the Local Government House Trust as a consequence of a contribution towards the cost of purchasing Local Government House.

The total contribution by all Councils towards the cost of the WALGA building was \$582,000. There are 620 units in the Local Government House Unit Trust, 3 of which are held by the Shire of Goomalling

The Shire has increased its share in the Local Government House Trust based on the trust's 30 June 2014 audited financial statements.

6. INVENTORIES

Current Fuel and materials	<u>33,818</u> 33,818	39,680 39,680
Non-current Land held for resale - cost		
Cost of acquisition/Development Costs	1,139,462	1,139,462
Less Impairment	(327,015)	(142,465)
·	812,447	996,997

	2015 \$	2014 \$
7 (a). PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land and Buildings at: - Independent valuation 2012 - level 2 - Additions after valuation - cost Less: accumulated depreciation	16,880,959 1,746,816 (2,341,123) 16,286,652	16,880,959 461,899 (2,091,034) 15,251,825
Plant & Equipment at: - Management valuation 2013 - level 2 - Additions after valuation - cost - Disposals after Valuation Less accumulated depreciation	2,034,137 129,125 (89,953) (693,456) 1,379,853	2,034,137 0 (34,550) (525,087) 1,474,500
Furniture & Equipment at: - Management valuation 2013 - level 3 - Additions after valuation - cost Less accumulated depreciation	776,539 51,561 (494,928) 333,172	776,539 17,498 (401,078) 392,959
Swimming Pool And Equipment at: - Management valuation 2013 - level 3 - Additions after valuation - cost Less accumulated amortisation	675,991 60,584 (312,209) 424,366	675,991 26,378 (286,582) 415,787

The fair value of property, plant and equipment is determined at least every three years in accordance with legislative requirements. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost, given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2)* which requires property, plant and equipment to be shown at fair value.

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year,

	Balance at the Beginning of the Year	Additions \$	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements)	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals	Depreciation (Expense) \$	Carrying Amount at the End of Year
Land & Buildings	15,251,825	1,284,917	0	0	0	(250,090)	16,286,652
Plant & Equipment	1,474,500	129,125	(55,403)	0	0	(168,369)	1,379,853
Furniture & Equipment	392,959	34,063	0	0	0	(93,850)	333,172
Swimming Pool And Equipment	415,787	34,206	0	0	0	(25,627)	424,366
Total property, plant and equipment	17,535,071	1,482,311	(55,403)	0	0	(537,936)	18,424,043

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

;) Fair Value Measurements					
Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	lnputs used
Land and buildings					
Freehold land	2	Market approach using recent observable markat data for similar items	Independent Registered Valuers AVP Valuers	July 2011	Price per hectare/market borrowing rate
Land & Buildings	м	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent Registered Valuers AVP Valuers	July 2011	Improvements to land using construction costs and current condition (Level2) , residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.
Plant & Equipment	2	Market approach using ecent observable markat data for similar items	Management Valuation	June 2013	Price per item
Furniture & Equipment	ო	Cost approach using depreciatied replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2013	Construction/Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Swimming Pool And Equipment	ო	Cost approach using depreciatied replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2013	Construction/Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.

8 (a). INFRASTRUCTURE	2015 \$	2014 \$
Infrastructure - Roads - Management valuation 2015 - level 3 - Management valuation - Additions after valuation - cost Less accumulated depreciation	33,477,258 0 0 0 	0 20,012,261 25,346,136 (12,157,049) 33,201,348
Infrastructure - Sewerage - Management valuation 2012 - level3 - Additions after valuation - cost Less accumulated depreciation	4,067,085 8,310 (630,345) 3,445,050	4,067,085 2,729 (567,684) 3,502,129
Infrastructure - Footpaths - Management valuation 2015 - level 3 - Cost Less accumulated depreciation	634,755 0 0 634,755	0 1,463,270 (409,466) 1,053,804
Infrastructure - Drainage - Management valuation 2015 - level 3 - Cost Less accumulated depreciation	2,502,842 0 0 2,502,842 40,059,905	0 1,435,855 (805,054) 630,800 38,388,081

The fair value of infrastructure is determined at least every three years in accordance with legislative requirements. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost. Given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and, where appropriate, the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions.

This process is considered to be in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management)* Regulation 17A (2) which requires infrastructure to be shown at fair value.

8. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Balance as at the Beginning of the Year	Additions	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements)	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals \$	Depreciation (Expense)	Carrying Amount at the End of the Year
Infrastructure - Roads	33,201,348	975,439	0	(291,421)	0	(408,108)	33,477,258
Infrastructure - Sewerage	3,502,129	5,581	0	0	0	(62,660)	3,445,050
Infrastructure - Footpaths	1,053,804	28,172	0	0	(410,639)	(36,582)	634,755
Infrastructure - Drainage	630,800	0	0	1,891,185	0	(19,143)	2,502,842
Total infrastructure	38,388,081	1,009,192	0	1,599,764	(410,639)	(526,493)	40,059,905

All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus in the Shire's equity (refer Note 13) and was recognised as Changes on Revaluation of non-current The revaluation of infrastructure assets resulted in an increase on revaluation of \$1,599,764 in the net value of infrastructure. assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

8. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Inputs used	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.
Date of last Valuation	June 2015	July 2011	June 2015	June 2015
Basis of valuation	Management Valuation	Management Valuation	Management Valuation	Management Valuation
Valuation Technique	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost			
Fair Value Hierarchy	ю	ю	м	м
Asset Class	Infrastructure - Roads	Infrastructure - Sewerage	Infrastructure - Footpaths	Infrastructure - Drainage

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs,

	2015 \$	2014 \$
9. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current Sundry creditors Accrued interest on debentures Gst Collected - Due To Ato Ato Liabilities - Payg Fbt Wht	590,775 45,045 41,481 22,067 699,368	322,486 23,212 (0) 0 345,698
10. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS		
Current Secured by floating charge Debentures Lease liability	193,641 115,234 308,875	248,984 162,961 411,945
Non-current Secured by floating charge Debentures Lease liability	1,803,219 284,610 2,087,829	1,889,115 370,599 2,259,714

Additional detail on borrowings is provided in Note 22.

11. PROVISIONS

	Provision for Annual Leave \$	Provision for Long Service Leave \$	Total \$
Opening balance at 1 July 2014 Non-current provisions	171,740 0	197,037 18,549	368,777 18,549
, ton sandin providence	171,740	215,586	387,326
Additional provision Amounts used Balance at 30 June 2015	65,183 (91,522) 145,401	40,176 (7,278) 248,484	105,359 (98,800) 393,885
Comprises Current	145.401	221,459	366,860
Non-current	145,401	27,025 248,484	27,025 393,885

	2015 \$	2015 Budget \$	2014 \$
12. RESERVES - CASH/INVESTMENT BACKED		¥	
(a) Leave Reserve			
Opening balance Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	126,334 4,801	126,334 4,801	121,300
Amount used / transfer from reserve	4,601	4,001	5,034 0
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	131,135	131,135	126,334
(b) Mortlock Lodge Reserve			
Opening balance	3,412	3,412	3,701
Amount set aside / transfer to reserve Amount used / transfer from reserve	130 0	130 0	154 (443)
Amount used / transfer from reserve	3,542	3,542	3,412
(c) Plant Replacement Reserve			
Opening balance	204,402	204,402	201,058
Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	7,767	7,767	8,344
Amount used / transfer from reserve	(10,000)	212,169	(5,000)
	202,103	212,100	204,402
(d) Sport & Recreation Reserve	440.000	440.000	400.550
Opening balance Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	113,063 4,297	113,063 4,296	108,558 4,505
Amount used / transfer from reserve	(117,360)	(115,000)	4,509
	0	2,359	113,063
(e) Staff Housing Reserve			
Opening balance	57,855	57,855	89,636
Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	2,199	2,199	3,719
Amount used / transfer from reserve	(5,000) 55,054	60,054	(35,500) 57,855
	33,034	00,034	37,000
(f) Aged Care Reserve	122.250	122.250	107.005
Opening balance Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	132,359 5,029	132,359 5,029	127,085 5,274
Amount used / transfer from reserve	0,020	(135,000)	0
	137,388	2,388	132,359
(g) Vehicle Reserve			
Opening balance	122,640	122,640	117,753
Amount set aside / transfer to reserve Amount used / transfer from reserve	4,660	4,660	4,887
Amount used / transfer from reserve	(12,250)	127,300	122,640
(a) Sourcean Posserie		7	
(g) Sewerage Reserve Opening balance	175,441	175,441	168,450
Amount set aside / transfer to reserve	124,027	6,667	6,991
Amount used / transfer from reserve	(10,000)	0	0
	289,468	182,108	175,441

2015 \$	2015 Budget \$	2014 \$
(CONTINUED)	,	
53,128	53,128	51,011
2,019	2,019	2,117
0	0	0
55,147	55,147	53,128
11,366	11,366	11,448
431	432	475
(750)	0	(557)
11,048	11,798	11,366
1,000,000	788,000	1,000,000
1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,001
155,360	38,000	41,500
(155,360)	(250,000)	(41,501)
1,000,000	788,000	1,000,000
	\$ (CONTINUED) 53,128 2,019 0 55,147 11,366 431 (750) 11,048 1,000,000 1,000,000 155,360 (155,360)	\$ Budget \$ (CONTINUED) 53,128 53,128 2,019 2,019 0 0 55,147 11,366 11,366 431 432 (750) 0 11,048 11,798 1,000,000 788,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 155,360 38,000 (155,360) (250,000)

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amount shown as restricted cash in Note 3 to this financial report.

12. RESERVES - CASH/INVESTMENT BACKED (CONTINUED)

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the funds are set aside are as follows:

(a) Leave Reserve

- to be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements

(b) Mortlock Lodge Reserve

- to be used for maintenance and improvements to the Mortlock Retirement Units

(c) Plant Replacement Reserve

- to be used for the future replacement of plant.

(d) Sport & Recreation Reserve

- to be used for the upgrading and improvements to sporting and recreational facilities within the Sh

(e) Staff Housing Reserve

-to be used for the maintenance, upgrading and construction of new housing for Council employees or public rental housing.

(f) Aged Care Reserve

- to be utilised to provide for the needs of the aged.

(g) Vehicle Reserve

- to be used for the purchase of motor vehicles and utilities if at a future date Council ceases to lease the same.

(g) Sewerage Reserve

- to be used to maintain and upgrade the sewerage cheme in the Goomalling Townsite.

(h) Community Bus Reserve

-to be used to fund the purchase of a new Community Bus.

(i) Lcdc Reserve

- to be used to fund Landcare Activities

The reserves are not expected to be used within a set period as further transfers to the reserve accounts are expected as funds are utilised.

13. REVALUATION SURPLUS	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revaluation surpluses have arisen on revaluation of the following classes of non-current assets:	¥	*
(a) Land and buildings Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	6,589,534 0 0 6,589,534	6,589,534 0 0 6,589,534
(b) Furniture & Equipment Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	232,717 0 0 232,717	232,717 0 0 232,717
(c) Plant & Equipment Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	133,362 0 0 133,362	133,362 0 0 133,362
(d) Swimming Pool Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	38,121 0 0 38,121	38,121 0 0 38,121
(e) Infrastructure - Roads Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	20,012,261 0 (291,421) 19,720,840	20,012,261 0 0 20,012,261
(f) Infrastructure - Sewerage Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	3,167,274 0 0 3,167,274	3,167,274 0 0 3,167,274
(g) Infrastructure - Drainage Opening balance Revaluation increment Revaluation decrement	0 1,891,185 0 1,891,185	0 0 0
TOTAL ASSET REVALUATION SURPLUS	31,773,033	30,173,269

14. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

		2015 \$	2015 Budget \$	2014 \$
	Cash and cash equivalents	864,448	985,246	356,059
(b)	Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
	Net result	1,421,949	2,297,863	(702,322)
	Non-cash flows in Net result: Depreciation (Profit)/Loss on sale of asset Fair value adjustments to financial assets	1,06 4, 429 15,882	1,092,340 (331,797)	1,092,824 12,465
	at fair value through profit or loss Loss on revaluation of fixed assets	0 595,189	0 0	142,465 0
	Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/Decrease in receivables (Increase)/Decrease in inventories Increase/(Decrease) in payables Increase/(Decrease) in provisions Grants contributions for the development of assets Net cash from operating activities	(235,130) 5,862 353,670 6,559 (1,674,081) 1,554,329	(24,419) 679 (21,280) 14,043 (2,608,000) 419,429	40,237 (944) 139,381 (60,735) (646,622) 16,749
(c)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities Credit Standby Arrangements	2015 \$		2014 \$
	Bank overdraft limit Bank overdraft at balance date Credit card limit Credit card balance at balance date Total amount of credit unused	1,250,000 0 10,000 0 1,260,000		500,000 0 10,000 0 510,000
	Loan facilities Loan facilities - current Loan facilities - non-current Total facilities in use at balance date	308,875 2,087,829 2,396,704		411,945 2,259,714 2,671,659
	Unused loan facilities at balance date	NIL		NIL

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no known contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2015.

16. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS	2015 \$	2014 \$
(a) Finance Lease Commitments		
Non-cancellable finance leases contracted for but not capitalised in the accounts.		
Payable: - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than five years - later than five years	139,523 381,763 0	28,316 633,644 0
Less future Finance Charges	521,286 (121,441) 399,845	661,960 (128,401) 533,559

(b) Operating Lease Commitments

During the year ended 30 June 2015 the council entered into a number of operating lease arrangements for the hire of plant and equipment required by the council to maintain and carry out various works and services detailed in the annual budget adopted by council.

The cost of leases for the year under review amounted to \$69,547 .

(c) Capital Expenditure Commitments

Contracted for: - New Recreation Centre	1,543,856	0
Payable: - not later than one year	1,543,856	0

Recreation Centre

The Shire of Goomalling along with a proactive Community commenced building a Community Recreation Centre for the Goomalling Community in March 2015. As at 30 June 2015 \$1,081,790 has been spent and a further amount as above is committed for 2015/2016.

17. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The Shire of Goomalling together with the Shire of Toodyay have a joint venture arrangement with regard to the provision of a Sport and Recreation Coordinator. The only assets are miscellaneous equipment. In addition, the Shire has entered into an arrangement with the DFES and the Shire of Toodyay in respect to providing Fire and Emergency services in the region. The assets used in the levy of services are shared on the basis of 70% by DFES and 15% each by Toodyay and hire of Goomalling.

18. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Governance	984,033	11,559
General purpose funding	0 0	23.118
Law, order, public safety	464,087	809,143
Health	65,483	288,980
Education and welfare	331,932	0
Housing	3,872,125	231,184
Community amenities	4,007,564	346,776
Recreation and culture	5,101,993	3,120,981
Transport	38,074,181	49,612,031
Economic services	4,922,612	173,388
Other property and services	1,799,399	2,485,225
Unallocated	1,127,457	693,551
	60,750,866	57,795,936

40 FINANCIAL BATIOS	2015	2014	2013
19. FINANCIAL RATIOS			
Current ratio	0.17	(0.69)	0.40
Asset sustainability ratio	1.36	`1.33	1.38
Debt service cover ratio	2.50	0.04	1.73
Operating surplus ratio	(0.07)	(0.42)	(0.23)
Own source revenue coverage ratio	0.59	0.63	0.65
The above ratios are calculated as follows:			
Current ratio		s minus restricted	
		minus liabilities	associated
	with	restricted assets	
Asset sustainability ratio	capital renewal a	nd replacement	expenditure
, loost oddidinasiity raus		ciation expenses	
Debt service cover ratio	annual operating surplu	is before interest	and depreciation
2021 007100 00101 1410		ipal and interest	
Operating surplus ratio	operating revenu	e minus operatin	a expenses
operating carpino rand		ce operating reve	
Own source revenue coverage ratio	own sour	ce operating reve	enue
5 55a. 55 / 5. 5 a 6 60 for a go fallo		ating expenses	2

Notes:

Information relating to the **asset consumption ratio** and the **asset renewal funding ratio** can be found at Supplementary Ratio Information on Page 62 of this document.

20. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	Balance 1 July 2014 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid (\$)	Balance 30 June 2015 \$	
Police Licencing	0	764,231	(764,231)	0	
Slater Homestead Donation	1,443	200	0	1,643	
Konno Special Plate	670	0	0	670	
Mortlock Farm	1,542	0	0	1,542	
Accrued AL & LSL Beactive	11,463	3,198	0	14,661	
Pioneers Pathway Sign	27,554	8,364.07	0	35,918	
Skeleton Weed	7,286	0	(6,195)	1,091	
General Deposits	19,789	18,463	(24,591)	13,661	
	69,747			69,185	

21. DISPOSALS OF ASSETS - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	[Net Bo	ook Value	Sale	Price	Profit	(Loss)
	ľ	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land and Buildings	AR#						
Economic services						1	
Grange Street (4 Blocks)		0	370,000	0	380,000	0	10,000
36 Grange St		0	110,000	0	120,000	0	10,000
34 Eaton St		0	122,955	0	195,000	0	72,045
14 High St		0	146,210	0	225,000	0	78,790
30 Forward St		0	219,200	0	220,000	0	800
Lot 7 Salmon Gum Way		0	240,000	0	350,000	0	110,000
11 High/James St	1	0	5,164	0	55,000	0	49,836
Plant and Equipment							
Law, Order & Public Sat	ety						
FESA Landcruiser	3242	22,703	0	22,703	0	0	0
Recreation and Culture							
Sale of SBC Vehicle	3431	30,895	24,674	16,818	25,000	(14,077)	326
Water Tank	3,218	1,805	0	0	0	(1,805)	0
		32,700	1,238,203	39,521	1,570,000	(15,882)	331,797

Profit	0	331,797
Loss	(15,882)	0
	(15,882)	331,797

23. RATING INFORMATION - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

(a) Rates	Rate in	Number	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget
	₩	of	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Rate	Interim	Back	Total
		Properties	₩	₩	49	₩	₩	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue
RATE TYPE								₩	₩	₩	49
Differential general rate / general rate											
Gross rental value valuations											
GRV - District	0.1126	229	1,553,995	174,995	(3,997)	0	170,998	174,995	0	0	174,995
Unimproved value valuations											7
UV Rural- Zone 2	0.0054	55	20,359,000	110,040	0	0	110,040	110,040	0	0	110,040
UV - Special Rural	0.0108	16	1,861,000	20,099	0	0	20,099	20,099	0	0	20,099
UV - General Zone 3	0.0071	236	145,055,000	1,030,906	0	0	1,030,906	1,030,906	0	0	1,030,906
Sub-Totals		536	168,828,995	1,336,040	(3,997)	0	1,332,043	1,336,040	0	0	1,336,040
	Minimum										
Minimum payment	₩										
Gross rental value valuations											
GRV - District	850	206	926,435	175,100	0	0	175,100	0	0	0	175,100
Unimproved value valuations											
UV - General Zone 3	066	85	6,902,929	84,150	0	0	84,150	0	0	0	84,150
Sub-Totals		291	7,829,364	259,250	0	0	259,250	0	0	0	259,250
Ex-gratia rates							1,591,293 14,773				1,595,290] 14,774
Total amount raised from general rate							1 606 066				1 610 064
Specified Area Rate (refer note 24) Totals							184,819				181,732
	12							2:		fi.	

22. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Repayments - Debentures

Particulars	
Housing	
Loan 98 - Community Bank Housing*	
Loan 98 - Young Peoples Housing	
Loan 101 - Tradesmans Residence	
Economic Services	
Loan 105 - Slater Homestead	
Loan 104 - Rural Transaction Centre	
Loan 106 - Rural Transaction Centre	
Loan 108 - Grange & Salmon Gums	
Subdivisions	
Loan 109 - Caravan Park	
Mortlock Sports Council SSL*	
Sports Pavillion	
Loan Overdraft	

Principal			Principal		Principal	ipal	Interest	rest
1 July	New		Repayments	S	30 June 2015	2015	Repayments	ments
2014	Loans	Actual	Budget	Bank	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
\$	\$	\$	\$	Adjustment	\$	\$	\$	\$
8,636	0	7,276	8,061	1,360	0	0	891	891
8,635	0	7,136	8,061	1,499	0	0	1,031	1,031
37,889	0	17,488	18,355	841	19,560	21,127	2,572	2,097
					0			
95,424	0	6,822	6,278	0	88,602	89,146	860'6	7,300
318,088	0	22,739	72,557	0	295,349	245,531	30,331	24,334
454,824	0	9,538	9,537	454	444,832	445,703	42,053	40.040
1,214,602		126,136	126,708	4,949	1,083,517	,083,517 1,097,884	94,395	91,204
0	65,000	0	0	0	65,000	0	0	0
0	0	0	10,339		0	10,339	0	
0	0	0	7,074		0	7,074	0	
0	0	0	113,784		0	113,784	0	
2,138,098	65,000	197,135	380,754	9,103		1,996,860 1,899,391	180,371	166,897

(*) Self supporting loan financed by payments from third parties. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

22. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

(b) New Debentures - 2014/15

	Amount	Amount Borrowed	Institution	Loan	Term	Total	Interest	Amount Used	t Used	Balance
				Туре	(Years)	Interest &	Rate			Unspent
	Actual	Budget				Charges	%	Actual	Budget	\$
Particulars/Purpose	49	₩				₩		49	69	
Loan 109 - Caravan Park	65,000	65,000	Bendigo	Debenture	5	18,000	5.47%	65,000	65,000	0
Sports Pavillion	0	985,000	,			0		0	0	0
Mortlock Sports Council SSL*	0	300,000				0		0	0	0
Loan Overdraft	0	750,000				0		0	0	0
	65,000	2,100,000				18,000		65,000	65,000	0

(c) Unspent Debentures
The Shire did not have any unspent debentures as at 30 June 2015.

(d) Overdraft
Council established an overdraft facility of \$1,250,000 to assist with short term liquidity requirements, The facility was used during the year. The balance of the bank overdraft at 30 June 2015 was \$0

23. RATING INFORMATION - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR (Continued)

(b) Information on Surplus/(Deficit) Brought Forward

	2015 (30 June 2015 Carried Forward) \$	2015 (1 July 2014 Brought Forward) \$	2014 (30 June 2014 Carried Forward) \$
Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 14 brought forward	(596,057)	(934,750)	(927,834)
Comprises:			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Unrestricted	(152,917)	(992,124)	(992,124)
Restricted	1,017,365	1,348,183	1,348,183
Investments Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	0	0	0
Receivables	U	0	U
Rates outstanding	153,156	164,154	164,154
Sundry debtors	295,878	97,645	97,645
GST receivable	108,320	0	0
Loans - clubs/institutions	0	6,916	6,916
Provision For Doubtful Debts	(9,308)	(10,600)	(10,600)
Other Tax Receivable	1,044	Ó	Ó
Inventories	,		
Fuel and materials	33,818	39,680	39,680
Less:			
Trade and other payables	(500 775)	(000 100)	(
Sundry creditors	(590,775)	(322,486)	(322,486)
Accrued interest on debentures	(45,045)	(23,212)	(23,212)
Gst Collected - Due To Ato	(149,801)	6,453	6,453
Ato Liabilities - Payg Fbt Wht	(22,067)	0	0
Current portion of long term borrowings	(100.011)	(0.40.00.4)	(0.40.00.4)
Secured by floating charge	(193,641)	(248,984)	(248,984)
Lease liability	(115,234)	(162,961)	(162,961)
Provisions Drawinian for annual leave	(145 404)	(171 740)	(171 740)
Provision for annual leave Provision for long service leave	(145,401) (221,459)	(171,740) (197,037)	(171,740) (197,037)
Net current assets	(36,067)	(466,113)	(466,113)
Less:	(00,007)	(100,110)	(400,110)
Reserves - restricted cash	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Loans - Clubs/Institutions	Ó	(6,916)	(6,916)
Add:			
Liabilities supported by Restricted Funds (Leave Reserve)	131,135	126,334	0
Secured by floating charge	193,641	248,984	248,984
Lease Liability	115,234	162,961	162,961
Loan Liability Adjustment	0	0	(19,617)
Lease Liability	0	0	162,961
Lease Liability Adjustment	0	0	(10,094)
Surplus/(deficit)	(596,057)	(934,750)	(927,834)

Difference

There was a difference between the surplus/(deficit) 1 July 2014 brought forward position used in the 2015 audited financial report and the surplus/(deficit) carried forward position as disclosed in the 2014 audited financial report. The difference was due to a change in methodolgy in calculating the surplus/deficit as shown above.

24. SPECIFIED AREA RATE - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Rate in \$	Basis of Rate	Rateable Value \$	Rate Revenue \$	Budget Rate Revenue \$	Applied to Costs \$	Budget Applied to Costs \$
Sewerage Scheme Levy Unrated Properties Transfer to Reserve	7.7900	GRV	2,480,430	183,679 1,140 0		185,299 0 6,667	174,500 0 6,667
-				184,819	181,732	191,966	181,167

The Specified Area Rate for the Shire of Goomalling Sewerage Scheme is for those properties on the Goomalling localilty which are connected to the scehme and is levied on the Gross rental Value of affected properties.

25. SERVICE CHARGES - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any service charges.

26. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

No discount on rates is available

27. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS - 2014/15 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Interest Rate %	Admin. Charge \$	Revenue \$	Budgeted Revenue \$
Interest on unpaid rates	11.00%	0	11,374	15,000
Interest on instalments plan	5.50%	0	4,181	5,000
Charges on instalment plan		5	1,720	2,000
			17,275	22,000

Ratepayers had the option of paying rates in four equal instalments, due on 19th September 2014, 19th November 2014, 19th January 2015 and 19th March 2015. Administration charges and interest applied for the final three instalments.

28. FEES & CHARGES	2015 \$	2014 \$
Governance	3,236	3,453
General purpose funding	1,720	2,728
Law, order, public safety	50,735	53,515
Health	575,744	522,387
Education and welfare	2,378	427
Housing	248,311	213,812
Community amenities	109,908	95,600
Recreation and culture	23,824	33,930
Transport	180	260
Economic services	212,802	239,610
Other property and services	45,999	84,459
	1,274,837	1,250,181

There were no changes during the year to the amount of the fees or charges detailed in the original budget.

29. GRANT REVENUE

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	2	2015		2014
By Nature or Type:		\$		\$
Operating grants, subsidie	s and contributions 1,2	89,978		494,803
Non-operating grants, subs		74,081		646,622
, , ,		64,059		1,141,425
By Program:	-		,	
Governance		0		13,000
General purpose funding	1.0	79,364		335,102
Law, order, public safety	'	20,136		34,399
Health	·	0		13,470
Education and welfare		54,500		0
Community amenities		0		2,000
Recreation and culture	8	87,500		74,907
Transport		41,250		614,122
Economic services		78,809		41,452
Other property and service		2,500		12,973
		64,059		1,141,425
	-10		:	1,111,120
30. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS				
30. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS				
30. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS The number of full-time equ	uivalent			
		29		29
The number of full-time equ		29		29
The number of full-time equ		29 2015	2015	29
The number of full-time equ			2015 Budget	
The number of full-time equence employees at balance date		2015		2014
The number of full-time equence employees at balance date	MUNERATION ===	2015	Budget	2014
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS RE	MUNERATION es and allowances were	2015	Budget	2014
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens	MUNERATION es and allowances were	2015	Budget	2014
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens paid to council members and Meeting Fees	MUNERATION es and allowances were nd/or the president.	2015	Budget	2014
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens paid to council members and Meeting Fees President's allowance	MUNERATION es and allowances were nd/or the president.	23,350 2,500	Budget \$ 24,800 2,500	2014
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens paid to council members and Meeting Fees President's allowance Deputy President's allowance	MUNERATION es and allowances were nd/or the president.	23,350 2,500 625	24,800 2,500 625	2014 \$
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens paid to council members and Meeting Fees President's allowance	MUNERATION es and allowances were nd/or the president.	23,350 2,500 625 4,624	24,800 2,500 625 6,000	2014 \$ 24,414 2,500 625 4,022
The number of full-time equemployees at balance date 31. ELECTED MEMBERS REI The following fees, expens paid to council members and Meeting Fees President's allowance Deputy President's allowance	MUNERATION es and allowances were nd/or the president.	23,350 2,500 625	24,800 2,500 625	2014 \$ 24,414 2,500 625

32. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

Salmon Gums and Grange Subdivision

(a) Details

The council continued major land transactions during the year. The Shire of Goomalling has undertaken rural residential subdivisions in Salmon Gum Way and Grange Street, Goomalling. The Shire will conduct either auction or tender process for the sale of lots for Salmon Gum Way. In relation to lots in Grange Street, the sale will be by tender process at market valuations. The proceeds from the sale of the two rural subdivisions will be applied towards the repayment of loans raised to finance the development and thereafter any surplus funds remaining will be held in the Municipal Fund Account. A Business Plan was prepared for the two rural residential subdivisions in accordance with section 3.59 of the Local Government Act 1995.

(b) Transactions to date Salmon Gums Subdivi	sion	\$	\$
Development Expenses			
·	2007-2008	361,983	
	2008-2009	64,794	
	2009-2010	131,128	
	2010-2011 2011-2012	76,162 1,276	635,343
	2011-2012	1,270	000,040
Grange Subdivision			
Development Expenses			
	2007-2008	46,957	
	2008-2009	340,678	
	2009-2010	329,693	
	2010-2011 2011-2012	61,415	786,403
	2011-2012	7,660	700,403
Total Development Expe	enses		1,421,746
Less Land Sold		(282,284)	(282,284)
Less Impairment Loss			
	2013-2014	(142,465)	
	2014-2015	(184,550)	(327,015)
Book Value of Developm	nent		812,447
Plus Interest on Borrowin	ngs		
	2007-2008	46,381	
	2008-2009	63,483	
	2009-2010	44,399	
	2010-2011	14,026	
	2011-2012	57,376	
	2012-2013 2013-2014	104,820	
	2013-2014	95,867 91,204	517,556
	2017 2010	07,204	017,000
Total Costs of Developm	ent to Date		1,330,003

32. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The council has 14 blocks for sale. Based on the development cost to date plus interest on borrowings, the unit cost of remaining blocks are on average \$95,000 each.

The cause for the above impairment loss was the effects of the global financial crisis which commenced in September 2007. Prior to the initial commencement of the GFC, Council had buyers for all eight lots in the Grange Street subdivision with a waiting list of a further two buyers. However, the sale of all lots subsequently fell through and eight of the ten interested buyers cancelled their purchases. The lots are now impaired as the recoverable amount is less than the development expenses recorded.

(c) The council raised loans of \$1.5 Million to finance the above sub division costs.

33. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

The Shire did not participate in any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings during the financial year.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Shire's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Shire's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Shire.

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council.

The Shire held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying Value		Fair \	/alue
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	864,448	356,059	864,448	356,059
Receivables	556,205	327,991	556,205	327,991
Land held for Resale	1,139,462	1,139,462	812,447	996,997
	2,560,115	1,823,512	2,233,100	1,681,047
				-
Financial liabilities				
Payables	699,368	345,698	699,368	345,698
Borrowings	2,396,704	2,671,659	1,653,848	2,671,659
	3,096,072	3,017,357	2,353,216	3,017,357

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables estimated to the carrying value which approximates net market value.
- Borrowings, held to maturity investments, estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Held-to-maturity investments

The Shire's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The finance area manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisers (where applicable). Council has an investment policy and the policy is subject to review by Council. An Investment Report is provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with investments is price risk - the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments of their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash and investments are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

Another risk associated with cash is credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to the Shire.

The Shire manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only investing ininvestments authorised by *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 19C*. Council also seeks advice from independent advisers (where considered necessary) before placing any cash and investments.

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Impact of a 1% ⁽¹⁾ movement in interest rates on cash		
- Equity	8,644	8,360
- Statement of Comprehensive Income	8,644	8,360

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Receivables

The Shire's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the Shire to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. The Shire is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Shire's credit risk at balance date was:

	2015	2014
Percentage of rates and annual charges		
- Current - Overdue	0% 100%	90% 10%
Percentage of other receivables		
- Current - Overdue	79% 21%	67% 33%

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings

as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required. Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

	150.562		ş tı
Carrying values	807,688 2,396,704 3,204,392		339,245 2,671,659 3,010,904
Total contractual cash flows \$	699,368 3,236,657 3,936,025		322,486 3,721,568 4,044,054
Due after 5 years \$	0 1,516,115 1,516,115		3,016,147 3,016,147
Due between 1 & 5 years \$	0 1,359,174 1,359,174		0 659,256 659,256
Due within 1 year \$	699,368 361,368 1,060,736		322,486 46,165 368,651
2015	Payables Borrowings	2014	Payables Borrowings

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables Borrowings (continued)

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of

	Weighted Average	Effective Total Interest Rate **			00 1,996,860 7.58%	%			38 2,138,098 7.86%	%
	st rate risk:	>5 years \$			1,912,300	7.44%			2,082,938	7.89%
	xposed to intere	>4<5 years \$			65,000	7.62%			0	0.00%
	al instruments ex	>3<4 years			0	%00.0			0	0.00%
	y, of the financia	>2<3 years \$			0	%00.0			0	0.00%
	ount, by maturity	>1<2 years			0	%00-0			37,889	6.54%
	he carrying am	<1 year \$			19,560	7.64%			17,271	6.63%
negotiation.	The following tables set out the carrying amount, by maturity, of the financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk:		Year ended 30 June 2015	Borrowings	Fixed rate Debentures	Weighted average Effective interest rate	Year ended 30 June 2014	Borrowings	Fixed rate Debentures	Weighted average Effective interest rate



Anderson Munro & Wyllie

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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF GOOMALLING

Scope

We have audited the financial report of Shire of Goomalling for the year ended 30 June 2015. The financial report comprises the Statement by Chief Executive Officer, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, Rate Setting Statement and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

The Council is responsible for the preparation of a financial report which provides a true and fair view of the financial performance and position of the council in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, and Regulations. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error and for accounting policies and estimates inherent to the financial report.

Audit Approach

We conducted an independent audit of the financial report in order to express an opinion on it to the electors of the Shire of Goomalling. Our audit was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement. The nature of an audit is influenced by factors such as the use of professional judgement, selective testing, the inherent limitations of internal control and the availability of persuasive rather than conclusive evidence. Therefore an audit cannot guarantee that all misstatements have been detected.

We performed procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, and Regulations, including compliance with Accounting Standards in Australia, and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia, a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Council's financial position, and of their performance which is represented by the results of operations and cash flows.

We formed our opinion on the basis of these procedures, which included:

- examining on a test basis, information to provide evidence, supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial report.
- assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policies and disclosures used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors.

Whilst we considered the effectiveness of managements internal controls over financial reporting when determining the nature and extent of our procedures, our audit was not designed to provide assurance on internal controls.

We performed procedures to assess whether the substance of business transactions were accurately reflected in the financial report. These and our other procedures did not include consideration or judgement of the appropriateness or reasonableness of the business plans or strategies adopted by the executive and management of the Shire of Goomalling.



Independence

Anderson Munro & Wyllie are independent of the Shire of Goomalling, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements and the Local Government Act 1995.

The audit opinion expressed in this report has been formed on the above basis.

Audit Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Shire of Goomalling are properly drawn up:

- a) So as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Shire as at 30 June 2015 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended;
- b) In accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995; and
- c) In Accordance with Applicable Australian Accounting Standards.

Other Matters

During the course of our audit we noted the following issues regarding the Local Government Act 1995 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996:

- a) We noted that delegations to committees were not in writing or recorded in a register of delegations as is required by Local Government Act 1995 sections 5.16, 5.17 & 5.18.
- b) Not all decisions made under section 5.68(1), and the extent of participation allowed, were recorded in the minutes. as is required by Local Government Act 1995 section 5.68(2).

Statutory Compliance

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, we also report that:

- a) Except for the issues identified in the above 'Other Matters' paragraph we did not during the course of the audit, become aware of any other instances where the Council did not comply with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.
- b) There were no material or significant adverse trends in financial position or financial management practices revealed during the course of our audit.
- c) We have obtained all necessary information and explanations in relation to our audit.
- d) Our audit procedures were all satisfactorily completed.
- e) In relation to the Supplementary Ratio Information presented at page 62 of this report, we have reviewed the calculations as presented and in our opinion these are:
 - i. Based on verifiable information; and
 - ii. Reasonable assumptions.

Dated the 9th day of November 2015 in Perth, Western Australia

BILLY-JOE THOMAS

Registered Company Auditor

ANDERSON MUNRO & WYLLIE

Chartered Accountants

SHIRE OF GOOMALLING SUPPLEMENTARY RATIO INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2015

RATIO INFORMATION

The following information relates to those ratios which only require attestation they have been checked and are supported by verifiable information. It does not form part of the audited financial report

	2015	2014	2013
Asset consumption ratio Asset renewal funding ratio	0.93 0.83	0.73 0.78	0.75 0.79
The above ratios are calculated as follows:			
Asset consumption ratio	depreciated re	placement costs ent cost of depre	
Asset renewal funding ratio	NPV of planning		

It is with pleasure that I present my report for the financial and other activities of the Shire during the year of 2014/2015.

COUNCIL ACTIVITIES

Bejoording intersection completed and hopefully the end of road fatalities and/or accidents in this area.

Berring Road up to and over the railway line was completed.

Re-sheeting of Patterson Road is almost complete.

COUNCIL STAFF

Thank you to the Council Office Staff for their dedicated commitments to all duties required and their ability to multi task for what has been a very difficult year.

All the outside staff, gardeners included have served the Shire with numerous tasks. Thanks to Clint Ridley for stepping up into the Works Manager role while Russell was undergoing a few repairs.

PROJECTS

What a huge and rewarding year. February saw the start of our amazing Sporting Complex. What a wonderful job Mortlock Sports Council achieved having it opening on the 18th December by the Hon Mia Davies MLC.

Along the way our small hockey club raised a considerable amount of money to build their new hockey shed. It is a real credit to this small band of women. Finishing touches and brick work were completed by the Dowerin Work Camp. These men are such an asset to our community. I thank them sincerely for their efforts.

To all other volunteers eg. Ambulance & Fire Brigades who have been really put to the test this year, a huge thank you to each and everyone of you. Also to all Sports Committees and Business Community for making this a great little town.

I wish to thank and acknowledge retired Councillors Doug Sewell and Margaret Davey for the wonderful service to the Community for their eighteen (18) and twenty one (21) years respectively.

A special thank you to Clem Kerp, Chief Executive Officer and all the Councillors for their time and dedication to the Shire of Goomalling. I really appreciate your efforts and we look forward to the future.

Barry Haywood Shire President

GOOMALLING

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ELECTORS WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH 2016

In accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995, the Shire of Goomalling is required to produce its Annual Report which provides a valuable record of the work of the Local Government over the reporting period 1st July 2014 to 30th June 2015.

The Report is designed to record the successes and challenges the Shire met and confronted and to demonstrate how the community, the Council and the Administration faced these challenges.

Council's successes have been the adopted resolutions to add to its infrastructure assets in a number of components particularly in the development of a new Community Recreation Centre at the Goomalling Recreation Ground and the construction of a second ablution block at the Goomalling Caravan Park. Both have been major improvements to its Recreation and Tourism facilities.

As in previous years Council has once again spent more than half of its budget on the construction and maintenance of roads, footpaths, town streets, bridges and drainage.

Council continues to provide administrative assistance where necessary including free rent, power and maintenance services to eleven (11) community organisations by ensuring their viability and existence are retained for the benefit and benefit of the district.

Many challenges are faced by Council particularly with some \$600,000 per annum in reduced funding from Federal and State Governments in areas of Royalties for Regions, Federal Financial Assistance Grants and State Local Road Funding.

To counteract this, Council continues to maintain \$1 million in Reserves and as reported in my last Annual Report to the 2015 Annual Electors Meeting in March 2015, Council's wealth is tied up in \$18.5 million in freehold land and buildings through-out the Shire with portfolios in residential, commercial, light industrial, special rural land and general farming of Slater Homestead block of 166 acres (67 hectares). Over the next five (5) years, Council will be selling land and buildings of \$2.5 million leaving a balance of freehold land and buildings of approximately \$16 million in its fixed asset account.

In concluding, I take this opportunity to express my sincere thanks and appreciation to the staff for their commitment and loyalty in providing their service delivery to all sectors of the community thereby maintaining Council's highly respected reputation throughout the Wheatbelt of a "do Council" which makes innovation and progress happen. My appreciation is also extended to the Wheatbelt Work Camp for their generous assistance in providing labour on many of our infrastructure work projects throughout the year. This has been greatly appreciated by Council.

Clem Kerp
Chief Executive Officer

Postgrad. Dip. Business (Curtin), Dip. LG(C), FLGMA, FAIM

Strategic Direction

Mission Statement:

Providing good government in developing economic prosperities, social advancement and environmental enhancements.

OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

Leadership

We will continue to advocate on behalf of the community to position our Shire with key stakeholders that will support our success and growth.

Accountable and Sustainable

We will continue to be transparent, display good governance and manage our customer service commitments within our resources.

Advocating Improvement

We are determined to be solution focused, proactively seeking innovative partnerships, working collaboratively with stakeholders and industry to enable growth and ensure that our Shire is sustainable.

The Shire's goal in managing infrastructure assets to meet the required level of service in the most cost effective manner for present and future consumers. The key elements of infrastructure asset management are:

- Taking a cycle approach,
- Developing cost-effective management strategies for the long term,
- Providing defined levels of service and monitoring performance,
- Understanding and meeting the demands of growth through demand management and infrastructure investment,
- Managing risks associated with asset failures,
- · Sustainable use of physical resources,
- Continuous improvement in asset management practices.

Our Goals

Social

Create an environment that strengthens "a sense of Community"
Create an environment that provides for a caring and health Community
Provide active and passive recreation facilities and services
Provide services and process to enhance public safety

Economic

Provide Effective and efficient transportation network Facilitate the development of local and regional tourism Actively support and develop local and new business

GOOMALLING CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ELECTORS WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH 2016

Natural Environment

Enhance the health and integrity of the natural environment

Built Environment

Manage current and future assets and infrastructure in a sustainable manner

Civic Leadership

Provide accountable and transparent leadership Maintain and strengthen the Shires' capability and capacity

Our People

Senior Staff

Chief Executive Officer

Mr Clem Kerp

Finance Manager

Miss Natalie Bird

Works & Services

Mr Russell Beck

Health & Building Services

Mr Linton Thomas (Building & Health Surveying Services)

Employee Remuneration 2014/15

In the 2014/15 financial year the Shire of Goomalling had zero (0) employees entitled to an annual cash salary of \$100,000 or more in the following bands:

Bands	# Employees
\$100,000 - 109,999	0
\$110,000 – 119,999	0
\$120,000 - 129,999	0
\$130,000 - 139,999	0
\$140,000 - 149,999	0
\$160,000 – 169,999	0
\$170,000 – 179,999	0
\$180,000 – 189,000	0



ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF ELECTORS WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH 2016

Human Resources

Staff of the Goomalling Shire

The Shire of Goomalling would be unable to function without the support and dedication of its administration and outside staff and I would like to acknowledge to the following staff and identify their role in our operations:

Tahnee Bird EACEO/ Community Development Officer

Jessica Wilkes EACEO/ P/T

Andrea Hardingham Community Development Officer

Joanna Bywaters Sport & Recreation Officer

Trudi Manera Finance Officer

Chloe Watson Customer Service Officer Renae Brookes Customer Service Officer

Karen Mannaerts Web Officer

Megan Butcher Admin Officer P/T

Nola Chattaway Swimming Pool Manager

Monique Bohling Gym Instructor

Chris Hazell Plumber Fiona O'Connor Cleaner

Peggy Nelson Cleaner (CRC)
Bridget Buitendijk Cleaner (CRC)
Elaine O'Heir Dental Receptionist

Gary & Kathlene Wright Caravan Park Caretakers

Outside Staff

Gardeners/Oval
Clinter Verner
Clint Ridley
Patrick Johnson
Mal Chester P/T
Jeff Sinclair
Jodie Iles (trainee)
Gang
Clint Ridley
Nathan Beck
Bryce Carr
Noel Scattini
Darrel Weinbrecht

Rod Dyer (Tip) Craig Glatz

Dr Sugery

Dr Nina McIellan
Carol Craig (Practice Nurse)
Felicity Sewell (Practice Nurse)
Carlene Brookes (Practice Manager)
Mandy Bird
Andy McLellan
Lara Lord

Elected Members

Councillors for 2014/15

Shire President Councillor Doug Sewell **Deputy Shire President** Councillor Barry Haywood

Central/North Ward

Councillor Barry Haywood (2015)

Councillor Margaret Davey (Mrs) (2017) Councillor Christie Kingston (Mrs) (2017)

Councillor Kevin Ryan (2019)

South Ward

Councillor Rodney Sheen (2015)
Councillor Julie Chester (Mrs) (2017)

Town Ward

Councillor Kevin Ryan (2015)

Councillor Roland Van Gelderen (2015)

Councillor Doug Sewell (2017) Councillor Geoff Romero (2017)

Years in brackets donates the term of the Councillor.

Elections

No Elections were held in this financial year.

Record Keeping

The Shire of Goomalling has prepared a Record Keeping Plan is required by the State Records Act 2000. The plan has been approved by the State Records Commission and the Shire of Goomalling is committed to ensuring record keeping practices comply with legislation.

Performance Indicators and Disaster Management Plans are currently being developed and must be in place by 9 March 2007. Information sessions for staff will be undertaken to ensure that they are aware of the requirements of the State Records Act 2000 and these will be ongoing in order to evaluate the record keeping practices of the council. In addition Induction programs have been established to address employees roles and responsibilities to enable compliance with the Record Keeping Plan.

Our current Record Keeping Plan was reviewed in 2012 and the next review of the plan will commence in 2017.

Freedom of Information

The Shire of Goomalling has a Freedom of Information Statement prepared in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 1992. This Statement was review in August 2014 and is available on our Website. It outlines the Shire's functions, the kind of documents held and how the documents can be accessed.

Nil Freedom of Information Applications where received during this report period.

Disability Access and Inclusion Plan

Council continues to make progress on the Disability Access and Inclusion Plan (DAIP) which was adopted by Council on 16 October 2013. A series of outcomes were included in the DAIP for the delivery and monitoring of initiatives and strategies included in the plan.

A full review of Council's Disability Access Plan has been undertake with community consultation in 2013 and a revised plan was submitted for approval to the Disability Services Commission and approved.

The 2013-2018 Disability Access and Inclusion Plan is available for perusal on Council's website.



Anderson Munro & Wyllie

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Street Address: Unit 8 210 Winton Road JOONDALUP WA 6027 Postal Address:

PO Box 229
JOONDALUP DC WA 6919
Level 28, AMP Tower
140 St Georges Terrace
PERTH WA 6000

By Appointment:

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF GOOMALLING

Scope

We have audited the financial report of Shire of Goomalling for the year ended 30 June 2015. The financial report comprises the Statement by Chief Executive Officer, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, Rate Setting Statement and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

The Council is responsible for the preparation of a financial report which provides a true and fair view of the financial performance and position of the council in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, and Regulations. This includes responsibility for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls that are designed to prevent and detect fraud and error and for accounting policies and estimates inherent to the financial report.

Audit Approach

We conducted an independent audit of the financial report in order to express an opinion on it to the electors of the Shire of Goomalling. Our audit was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the financial report is free of material misstatement. The nature of an audit is influenced by factors such as the use of professional judgement, selective testing, the inherent limitations of internal control and the availability of persuasive rather than conclusive evidence. Therefore an audit cannot guarantee that all misstatements have been detected.

We performed procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, and Regulations, including compliance with Accounting Standards in Australia, and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia, a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Council's financial position, and of their performance which is represented by the results of operations and cash flows.

We formed our opinion on the basis of these procedures, which included:

- examining on a test basis, information to provide evidence, supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial report.
- assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policies and disclosures used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors.

Whilst we considered the effectiveness of managements internal controls over financial reporting when determining the nature and extent of our procedures, our audit was not designed to provide assurance on internal controls.

We performed procedures to assess whether the substance of business transactions were accurately reflected in the financial report. These and our other procedures did not include consideration or judgement of the appropriateness or reasonableness of the business plans or strategies adopted by the executive and management of the Shire of Goomalling.



Independence

Anderson Munro & Wyllie are independent of the Shire of Goomalling, and have met the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements and the Local Government Act 1995.

The audit opinion expressed in this report has been formed on the above basis.

Audit Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Shire of Goomalling are properly drawn up a

- a) So as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Shire as at 30 June 2015 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended;
- b) In accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995; and
- c) In Accordance with Applicable Australian Accounting Standards.

Other Matters

During the course of our audit we noted the following issues regarding the Local Government Act 1995 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996:

- a) We noted that delegations to committees were not in writing or recorded in a register of delegations as is required by *Local Government Act 1995* sections *5.16*, *5.17* & *5.18*.
- b) Not all decisions made under section 5.68(1), and the extent of participation allowed, were recorded in the minutes. as is required by Local Government Act 1995 section 5.68(2).

Statutory Compliance

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, we also report that:

- a) Except for the issues identified in the above 'Other Matters' paragraph we did not during the course of the audit, become aware of any other instances where the Council did not comply with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.
- b) There were no material or significant adverse trends in financial position or financial management practices revealed during the course of our audit.
- c) We have obtained all necessary information and explanations in relation to our audit.
- d) Our audit procedures were all satisfactorily completed.
- e) In relation to the Supplementary Ratio Information presented at page 62 of this report, we have reviewed the calculations as presented and in our opinion these are:
 - i. Based on verifiable information; and
 - ii. Reasonable assumptions.

Dated the 9th day of November 2015 in Perth, Western Australia

BILLY-JOE THOMAS

Registered Company Auditor

ANDERSON MUNRO & WYLLIE

Chartered Accountants